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Independent Auditors' Report

(free translation¹)

To the Shareholders of BT Leasing Transilvania IFN SA

Str. Constantin Brancusi nr. 74-76, etaj 1, Cluj Napoca, jud. Cluj Unique Registration Code: RO 7424119

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited:
 - the accompanying consolidated financial statements of BT Leasing Transilvania IFN SA ("the Company") and of its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
 - the accompanying separate financial statements of BT Leasing Transilvania IFN SA ("the Company"), which comprise the separate statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. The consolidated and separate financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020 are identified as follows:

•	Consolidated Net assets/Total equity: Consolidated Net profit for the year:	Lei 258,311,190 Lei 40,189,019
•	unconsolidated Net assets/Total equity: unconsolidated Net profit for the year:	Lei 245,361,085 Lei 37,047,651

¹ TRANSLATOR'S EXPLANATORY NOTE: The above translation of the auditors' report is provided as a free translation from Romanian which is the official and binding version and refers to the Romanian official and binding version of the consolidated and separate financial statements.



3. In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and unconsolidated financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020, respectively, and of their consolidated and unconsolidated financial performance and consolidated and unconsolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union.

Basis for Opinion

4. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"), Regulation (EU) no. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ("the Regulation") and Law no. 162/2017 ("the Law"). Our responsibilities under those standards and regulations are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and the Group in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements in Romania, including the Regulation and the Law and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

5. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment of the finance lease portfolio

As at 31 December 2020, the separate and consolidated financial statements include gross investment in finance leases ("finance lease portfolio") of RON 1,204,234,229, allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") of RON 103,323,719 and expected credit loss charge recognized in the separate and consolidated statement of profit or loss of RON 32,770,203 (31 December 2019: gross investment in finance leases: RON 1,135,542,630, expected credit losses: RON 83,397,258, impairment charge recognized in the separate and consolidated statement of profit or loss. RON 9,493,262).

See Notes 3.k *Leasing Contracts*, 3.I *Financial assets and liabilities (impairment)*, 4 *Financial Risk management*, 5 *Accounting estimates and significant judgements*, 18 *Finance Lease Receivables* to the consolidated and separate financial statements for accounting policies and financial disclosures.

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Impairment allowances represent management's best estimate of the expected credit losses within finance lease portfolio (collectively, "leases", "exposures") at the reporting date.	Our audit procedures, performed, where relevant, with the assistance from our financial risk management, valuation and information technology (IT) specialists, included, among others:
As described in the notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, the expected credit losses have been determined based on the requirements of IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> ("IFRS 9" or "the standard").	Inspecting the Group's and the Company's ECL impairment methodology and models and assessing their compliance with the relevant requirements of the financial reporting standards. As part of the above, we identified



We focused on this area as the measurement of impairment allowances requires management to make complex and subjective judgements over the amount of any such impairment.

For the purpose of determining impairment allowances, the Company uses the simplified approach permitted by the standard for lease receivables, grouping exposures in two stages.

Impairment allowances for the performing exposures (stage 2 in the IFRS 9 hierarchy), as well as non-performing exposures (stage 3) with amounts not exceeding certain pre-determined thresholds individually, are determined by modelling techniques relying on key parameters such as the probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD), taking into account historical experience, forward-looking information and management judgment (together "collective impairment allowance").

Impairment allowances for exposures in excess of certain thresholds, classified in stage 3, are determined on an individual basis by means of a discounted cash flows analysis. The process relies on a number of complex assumptions, in particular those in respect of the recovery scenarios and the expected proceeds from the sale of the related collateral and estimated period for collateral disposal.

In the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic, and also the measures applied by the government of Romania to alleviate its effects, including payment holiday moratoriums, measurement of ECLs was associated with additional complexities and an increased estimation uncertainty.

Considering the above factors, we determined expected credit losses of lease receivables to be associated with a significant risk of material misstatement in the consolidated and separate financial statements. Therefore, the area required our increased attention in the audit and as such was determined to be a key audit matter. the relevant methods, assumptions and sources of data, and assessed whether such methods, assumptions, data and their application are appropriate in the context of IFRS 9 requirements. This also included challenging the management on whether the level of the method's sophistication is appropriate based on an assessment of the entity-level and portfolio-level factors;

- Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the selected key controls in the Group's and the Company's process regarding ECL estimation for the investment in finance leases. This included testing the controls over:
 - the accuracy of data input (mainly for the amount of investment in finance leases, values of financed assets and interest rates data),
 - o approval of finance lease contracts.
- For a sample of exposures we agreed the system computation of days past due to our own computation, using supporting documents such as: repayment schedules, payment information, etc.
- Assessing whether the definition of default, assessment of the staging criteria were consistently applied and are appropriate by reference to the standard. As part of this procedure, for a sample of exposures, we critically assessed, by reference to the underlying leasing files and through inquiries of responsible leasing officers and credit risk management personnel, the existence of any triggers for classification to stage 3.
- For expected credit losses determined on a collective basis:
 - Challenging the macroeconomic forecasts 0 used in the ECL model in terms of their relevance and source accuracy bv comparing them to publicly available data. As part of the procedure, we challenged the consideration of the economic uncertainty relating to COVID-19, by means of corroborating inquiries of the management board members and inspection of publicly available information;
 - Testing the relevance and reliability of the data used in the process of calculating the PD, EAD and LGD, on a sample basis, by



documentation, such as leasing file, debt service status, repayment schedules, restructuring operations and underlying data for collections occurring after default date: Based on the outcome of the preceding 0 procedures, recomputing the collective ECL as at reporting date. For impairment allowances calculated individually: For a sample of leasing exposures, 0 challenging the estimates of future cash flows used within the ECL measurement, with main focus on the recovery period and collateral value, primarily by reference to valuation reports by experts engaged by the management, whose competence, experience and objectivity, as well as scope of work and any related limitations, we independently assessed; 0 Recomputing the individual ECL as at reporting date. For customers subject to payment moratoria, inspecting the collections received after the reporting date in respect of the debt outstanding and making inquiries of the credit risk personnel regarding any subsequent restructuring. Assessing the accuracy and adequacy of the expected credit losses disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements as required by the relevant financial reporting standards.

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Other Matter – Corresponding figures

6. The consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 30 April 2020.

Other information - Directors' Report ("Consolidated Board of Directors' Report")

7. The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of other information. The other information comprises the consolidated Board of Directors' Report and information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

With respect to the consolidated Board of Directors' Report we read and report whether the consolidated Board of Directors' Report is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with NBR Order no. 6/2015, article 234 of the accounting regulations in accordance with European Directives. Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, in our opinion:

- a) The information given in the consolidated Board of Directors' Report for the financial year for which the consolidated and separate financial statements are prepared is consistent, in all material respects, with the consolidated and separate financial statements;
- b) The consolidated Board of Directors' Report has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with NBR Order no. 6/2015, article 234 of the accounting regulations in accordance with European Directives.

In addition, in light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of our audit we are required to report if we have identified material misstatements in the consolidated Board of Directors' Report and other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

- 8. Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 9. In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company and Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.



- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and Group's internal control.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.
- 15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 16. We were appointed by the General Shareholders' Meeting on 30 April 2020 to audit the consolidated and separate financial statements of BT Leasing Transilvania IFN SA for the year ended 31 December 2020. Our total uninterrupted period of engagement is 1 year, covering the yead ending 31 December 2020.
- 17. We confirm that:
 - our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report presented to the Audit Committee of the Company and of the Group, which we issued on 28 April 2021. We also remained independent of the Company and the Group in conducting the audit.
 - we have not provided to the Company of to the Group the prohibited non-audit services (NASs) referred to in Article 5(1) of EU Regulation (EU) No 537/2014.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is RUBELI IRINA.

For and on behalf of KPMG Audit S.R.L.:

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RUBELI IRINA

registered in the electronic public register of financial auditors and audit firms under no AF4092

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KPMG Audit SRL

registered in the electronic public register of financial auditors and audit firms under no FA9

Bucharest, 29 April 2021